

GOVERNMENT OF TELANGANA COMMERCIAL TAXES DEPARTMENT

Form VAT 203A

NOTICE FOR PENALTY TO A VAT DEALER

Date	Month	Year	
10	12	2019	

01.Tax Office Address: Assisstant Commissioner (ST) M.G.Road - S.D. Road Circle, Begumpet Division, 4th Floor, Pavani Prestige, Ameerpet, Hyderabad - 500 016.

02.TIN	36894097186	
--------	-------------	--

O3.Name M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions

Address 5-4-187/344, 2nd Floor, Soham Mansion, M G.Road, Secunderabad.

Sub: T VAT Act '05 - M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road, Secunderabad - Assessment completed for the period January 2014 to June 2017 - Notice for penalty issued - Regarding.

Ref: Orders passed in A.O.No. 47202, dated 09-12-2019 in Form VAT 305 by State Tax Officer -1 (I/c), MG Road – SD Road Circle, Hyderabad.

M/s. Paramount Builders, M.G.Road, Secunderabad are registered dealers on the rolls of the Asst. Commissioner (ST), M G Road – S D Road Circle, Hyderabad with TIN No. 36894097186. They are engaged in the business of Construction and Independent Houses.

Their assessment for the period January to June 2017 under T VAT Act, 2005 was completed by the undersigned and arrived an under declared tax of Rs. 14,18,019/- as under.

SI.No.	Period	Under declared tax found (in Rs.)
1	01-01-2014 to 31-03-2014	419438
2	01-04-2014 to 31-03-2015	230588
3	01-04-2015 to 31-03-2016	267367
4	01-04-2016 to 31-03-2017	328408
	01-04-2017 to 3C-06-2017	172218
		1418019

The under declared tax sc arrived is hereby proposed for penalty @ 25% under section 53 (1) (ii) of T VAT Act, 2005 which comes to Rs. 3,54,505/-.

Hence you are requested to file written objections if any against the proposed penalty of Rs. 3,54,505/- with n (07) days receipt of this notice, failure which the orders will be passed without any further intimation by confirming show cause notice.

State Tax Officer-1 (I/c), MG Road – SD Road Circle,

Begumpet Division State Tax Chistr-F M.G. Foot-S.D. R. an Chate

Eyderabad



GOVERNMENT OF TELANGANA COMMERCIALTAXES DEPARTMENT

ORDERS OF ASSESSMENT OF VALUE ADDED TAX See Rule 25 (5) Present: M.Karamchand

A.O.No.47202. TIN No: 36894097186/VAT/Audit

Dated 09-12-2019

Sub: T VAT Act '05 - M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road - Secunderabad - Audit conducted for the period January 2014 to June 2017 - Certain variations noticed - Show Cause Notice issued - Dealer has failed to file certain documentary evidence - Revised show cause notice issued - Dealer has filed reply - Availed personal hearing - Orders passed - Regarding.

Ref : 1. Notification for Scrutiny of Accounts of VAT in Form VAT 304, dated 14-12-2018

- Authorization for assessment issued in Admn 1C, dated 03-10-2019 by Deputy Commissioner (CT), Hyderabad.
- Show cause notice issued in Form VAT 305A, dated 03-10-2019 by the undersigned.
- Revised show cause notice issued dated 02-11-2019 by the undersigned.
- 4. Object ons filed by the dealer vide letter dated 04-11-2019
- 5. Personal hearing opportunity provided on dt. 14-11-2019.

-- 000 --

M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road, Secunderabad are the registered dealer on the rolls of CTO M.G.Road-S.D.Road Circle with TIN No 36894097186 and are engaged in the business of Construction of Independent Houses/ Row Houses in the name and style of Nilgiri Homes at Rampally village, Keesara Mandal, Ranga Reddy District. They have opted for composition scheme under section 4(7)(d) of T VAT Act by filing Form VAT 250, dated 20-03-2013 and paying taxes at the rate of 5% on 25% of the total consideration received.

On authorization of Deputy Commissioner (CT) Begumpet Division, the assessee was served Form-VAT-304 to produce the books of accounts. Accordingly they have filed their books of accounts and connected records for the period January 2014 to June 2017 for audit verification as under.

- 1) Copy of Form VAT 250
- 2) Sales Statement
- 3) Sample Sa e deed copies
- 4) P&L Accounts.

On verification of books of account submitted by the dealer with reference to the monthly VAT-200 Returns filed during the period from January 2014 to June 2017 the following turnovers are arrived which have been assessed as per the authorization issued in Admn 1C dated 03-10-2019 in the reference 2nd cited.

Turnovers as per VAT 200 returns.

S. No	Description	2013-14 (01/2014 to 03/2014	2014-2015	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18 (up to June 2017)
	Purchase Account	:				
1.	Exempted	0	0	0	0	0
	Purchases					
	Sales Account:				-	
1.	Exempt Sales	0	15121763	14340000	28550250	8606250
2.	5% Sales	0	3840588	6620250	9516750	2868750
3.	Tax @ 5%	0	192029	331013	475838	143438
4.	Total Sales	0	18962351	20960250	38067000	11475000
5.	Output tax	0	192029	331013	475838	143438
6.	VAT Due	0	192029	331013	475838	143438
7.	VAT Paid	0	192029	331013	142814	143438
8.	Balance	0	0	0	333024	0

Short payment of Rs. 333024/- is noticed.

Turnover as per P&L Accounts (SALE OF FLATS)

SI.No.	Period	Constructi on account receipts as per P&L	turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per P&L	Turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per VAT returns	Differential turnover arrived	Tax @ 5%
1	2013-14 (01/2014- 03/2014)	0	0	0	0	С
	2014-15	26007241	6501810	3840588	2661222	133061
1.	2015-16	36823350	9205838	6620250	2585588	129279
2.	2016-17	49492000	12373000	9516750	2856250	142813
3.	2017-18 (Apr'17 to Jun'17)	19425000	4856250	2868750	1987500	99375
Total tax	differential	131747591	32936898	22846338	10090560	504528

During the course of audit, the correctness and completeness of the returns filed along with payments paid by the dealer is verified with reference to the turnovers recorded in the books of account maintained by the dealer.

On verification of sample records produced, such as agreement of Sales, Sale deed and Construction agreement it is noticed that they followed a modus operandi that they first entering into agreement of sale with customers for construction and selling of flats. After entering the agreement of sale, they have executed the sale deed of semi finished flat in favour of customer for certain amount and for completion of remaining works they have entered agreement for construction and received remaining amount as per the initial or mother agreement. They have paid tax @ 5% on the 25% of total consideration received under Section 4(7)(d) of VAT Act.

In the light of the judgment in the case of M/s Omega Shelters Limited, Secunderabad in WP No 11528 dt 24-04-2015 rendered by Hon'ble High Court of AP the method of tax payment under section 4(7)(d) of the Act is agreed for the post construction after executing sale deed also. The gist of the judgment is as under

"If dealers engaged in the construction and sale of residential apartments, houses, buildings or commercial complexes exercise the option, and comply with the conditions stipulated in Section 4(7)(d) and Rule 17(4), they cannot be denied the benefit of composition there under for the construction made by them for the very same person, after execution of a registered deed for the sale of a semi finished structure. Denial of the benefits of the composition scheme under Section 4(7)(d) to such dealers, for the post-sale construction made in terms of the initia agreement is illegal and is contrary to the provisions of the Vat Act and the rules made there under.

However the dealer is requested to produce all Original agreements of sale, Original Sale deeds and Original construction agreements for further verification which were produced on sample basis at the time of audit.

In view of the above it is proposed to assess on the following under declared tax for the period January 2014 to June 2017 as under:

Short payment of Tax of : Rs. 333024-00
 Tax on under declared Turnover : Rs. 504528-00

Total : Rs. 837552-00

Accordingly a show cause notice in form VAT 305A, dated 03-10-2019 was issued to the dealers calling their written objections if any against the proposed tax and requested to produce documentary evidence such as all Original agreements of sale, Original Sale deeds and Original construction agreements with respect to Nilgiri Hcmes (independent Houses) at Rampally Village, Keesara Mandal, Ranga Reddy District. Meanwhile as per the request of the dealer (10) days extension of time i.e. up to 21-10-2019 was also granted to the assessee and also provided a personal hearing opportunity on 21-10-2019, 11-00 A.M. But, so far, the assessee neither

submitted any documentary evidence as requested in the show cause notice nor attended for personal hearing opportunity. Hence, in the said circumstances, the undersigned has left with no other option except estimate the difference sale deed turnover with reference to Agreement of sale turnover on best of judgment basis which is done as under.

		value	Agreement of sale value	Difference turnover arrived	Proposed to tax @ 5% on 25%
			(Adding 30% value on Sale deed value)		difference turnover
1	01/2014 to 03/2014	25811540	33555002	7743462	96793
2	2014-15	26007241	33809413	7802172	97527
1	2015-16	36823350	47870355	11047005	138088
2	2016-17	49492000	64339600	14847600	185595
3	2017-18 (April'17 to June'17)	19425000	25252500	5827500	72843
	Total	157559131	204826870	47267739	590846

Further, while issuing show cause notice a turnover of Rs. 2,58.11,540/- is not proposed by oversight which is now being proposed as under.

Turnover as per P&L Accounts (SALE OF FLATS)

SI.No.	Period	Constructi on account receipts as per P&L	turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per P&L	Turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per VAT returns	Differential turnover arrived	Tax @ 5%
1	2013-14 (01/2014- 03/2014)	25811540	6452885	0	6452885	322645
Total tax	differential	25811540	6452885	0	6452885	322645

Total under declared tax proposed in the revised show cause notice.

1. Short payment of Tax

: Rs. 333024-00

2. Tax on under declared turnover : Rs. 827173-00 (Rs.504528+Rs.322645)

3. Tax on differential turnover arrived w.r.t Agreement of sale turnover: Rs.590846-00

Total : Rs. 17,51,043-00

Accordingly a revised show cause notice dated 02-11-2019 was issued to the dealers calling their written objections if any against the proposed turnovers. In reply the dealer has filed a letter dated 04-11-2019 referring to show cause notice issued dated 03-10-2019 and filed another letter dated 08-11-2019 referring to revised show cause notice issued dated 02-11-2019 wherein the dealer has stated that they have already filed detailed written objections in their letter dated 04-11-2019. And at the time of personal hearing availed on dt. 14-11-2019 while referring to the proposals

made in the show cause notice and as well as to the revised show cause notice they have reiterated the contentions filed in the letter dated 04-11-2019.

The objections filed by the dealer are summarised, verified and considered as under.

They submitted that M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions has developed only one housing project on land admeasuring Ac. 6-28 Gts., forming a part of Sy. Nos. 128,129,133 and 136. Ramplaly Village, Keesara Mandal, R.R, District. The building permit for construction of villa/townhouses in the project known as Nilgiris Homes was obtained in 2007 from HMDA. The project consisted of 95 villas/townhouses and the construction of the housing project was fully completed in pnases from 2010 to 2013. Charted Engineer certificate was obtained at time of completion of each villa/townhouse. A summary of date of completion as per charted engineer certificate is attach herein. 10 samples certificates are enclosed herein.

The completion certificate issued by the Chartered Engineer is verified and observed that the same were issued in contravene to the rules provided in Andhra Pradesh Building Rules, 2012 issued in G.O.Ms.No.168, dated 07-04-2012 by Municipal Administration and Urban Development (M) Department, Government of Andhra Pradesh. As per the Rule 26 (a) of the said rules, Occupancy Certificate shall be issued by Sanction ng Authority only. The Rule 26 (a) of Andhra Pradesh Building Rules, 2012 is extracted as under for ready reference.

" 26. OCCUPANCY CERTIFICATE:

(a) Occupancy Certificate shall be mandatory for all buildings. No person shall occupy or allow any other person to occupy any building or part of a building for any purpose unless such building has been granted and Occupancy Certificate by the Sanctioning Authority. Partial Occupancy Certificate may be considered by the Sanctioning authority on merits i.e. flats / units or area within a complex which have fulfilled all the requirements in addition to basic facilities like lifts water supply, sanitation, drainage, roads, common lighting etc. However, in respect of individual buildings in plots up to 100sq. m with height up to 7m obtaining Occupancy Certificate is optional".

In view of the above Rule, the Occupancy Certificate shall be issued by the sanctioning authority and in the present case the sanctioning authority is "The Metropolitan Commissioner. Hyderabad Metropolitan Development authority" since the building permit for construction of villas in the project was obtained from HMDA in 2007 as submitted by the dealer. Hence the Occupancy Certificates issued by "Chartered Engineer' are treated as invalid.

They further submitted that at the time of obtaining building permit HMDA had mortgaged 5 plots / villas/townhouses to ensure compliance of the development of the housing project. Application for release of mortgage was made to HMDA on 05-11-2017 (copy enclosed). After considered able delay, due to the shifting of HMDA office, the mortgage was released by HMDA by

way of registered deed bearing document no. 5972/15 dated 30-09-15 registered at SRO Keesara (copy enclosed). They stated that Vat was paid under composition scheme @ 1% or 1.25% in 'he value of sale deed + age of construction, if any) for the 94 if to 95 villas /townhouses irrespective of whether the sale was made before or after completion. Villa no. 13 was sold after July, 2017 and therefore no VAT has deed paid on the said sale (sale deed copy enclosed). They submitted that to avoid unnecessary and protracted litigation VAT has been paid for all the villas/townhouses (expect no.13) the details of payments of VAT for 94 villas are attached herein.

The payment particulars and copies of Challans submitted by the dealer are verified with "Monthly DDO Reconciliation List" and found payments of Rs. 3,33,024/- for which credit was not given while issuing Show cause notice an Revised show cause notice. Hence the credit of Rs. 3,33,024/- is hereby accepted and accordingly the short payment proposed of Rs. 3,33,024/- is hereby dropped.

They submitted that in some cases sale deed has been executed for the entire sale consideration and in some cases the sale consideration has been divided into sales deed for semi-finished construction and agreement of construction. In either case the sale has been covered by a mother agreement for the entire consideration i.e., the agreement of dale. Vat has been paid on the entire consideration under composition scheme. 5 samples copies of agreement of sale + sale deed whereon no agreement of construction has been executed for the notice period are enclosed herein.

While issuing the show cause notice dt. 03-10-2019 the dealer was requested to produce all original Agreements of sale for verification for the audit period since the same were produced in sample basis at the time of audit. But as the dealer was failed to produce the same a revised show cause notice dt. 02-11-2019 was issued estimating the difference turnover between Agreement of sale and Sale deed turnovers adding 30% value on Sale deed value as under.

SI.No.	Period	Sale deed	Estimated	Difference	Proposed to
		value	Agreement of	turnover	tax @ 5%
			sale value	arrived	on 25%
			(Adding 30%		difference
			value on Sale		turnover
			deed value)		
1	01/2014 to	25811540	33555002		96793
	03/2014			7743462	
2	2014-15	26007241	33809413	7802172	97527
1	2015-16	36823350	47870355	11047005	138088
2	2016-17	49492000	64339600	14847600	185595
	2017-18	19425000	25252500	5827500	72843
: 3	(April'17 to				
	June'17)				
	Total	157559131	204826870	47267739	590846

After receiving the revised show cause notice the dealer has filed a letter dated 08-11-2019 and availed a personal hearing opportunity on dt.14-11-2019 but not produced the Original Agreement of Sale for verification as requested. Hence in the absence of the same the proposal of estimation of tax of Rs. 5,90,846/- on the difference turnover between Agreement of sale and Sale deed turnovers is hereby confirmed.

They further submitted that the turnover declared in the book of accounts/IT returns does not match with turnover declared in VAT returns. The method adopted for IT returns is as per rules under the IT Act, wherein profit was estimated for each financial year during the courses of the project and turnover was based on installments, that too in different financial years. VAT return were filed based on VAT paid from time to time. They stated to the details of receipts during the notice periods, villa wise, are attached therein. The total receipts towards sale consideration for the period was Rs. 9,58,97,605/- and toward other non-taxable receipts was Rs. 1,14,38,146/-Such non-taxable receipts were towards registration charges, electricity bills, corpus fund and in some cases VAT an services tax. These amounts collected wee remitted 'o the appropriate authority, electricity board, owners associations, etc.

The explanation given above by the assessee is not correct since the construction account receipts as per P&L accounts submitted at the time of audit for the period April 2014 to June 2017 were Rs. 13,17,47,591/- and not Rs. 10,73,35,751/- (Sale consideration Rs. 9.58,97,605/- + other non-taxable receipts - Rs. 1,14,38,146/-) as said by the assessee. Further the dealer has failed to submit supporting documents such as reconciliation statement supported by relevant ledgers towards the installments, registration charges, electricity bills, corpus fund and in some cases VAT and services tax amounts. Hence in the absence of the same the proposed tax of Rs. 8,27,173/- (proposed tax for April 2014 to June 2017 for Rs. 5,04,528/-, and January 2014 to March 2014 for Rs. 3,22,645/-) is hereby confirmed.

The assessee further submitted that the method adopted turnover from VAT returns and P & L account is not correct. The 5% sales during the years 2014-2015 to June, 2017 have been correctly adopted in both tables of the notice. We have also paid VAT as per turnovers in books and reported in the VAT returns. The difference in the turnover of Rs. 1,00,90,560 as worked by you does not form turnover and the proposed levy of tax of Rs. 5,04,528 may please be dropped.

As explained in the pre para, since the contention of the dealer is not supported by the substantial documentary evidence the proposed levy of tax on difference turnover between Construction receipts of P&L account and VAT returns cannot be dropped.

Furthermore the dealer has submitted that in some cases, customers have requested for considerable alterations in the villas/townhouses, after completion of the housing project. Only in such select cases the sale consideration was split into sale deed for semi finished construction + agreement of construction. Since most of the sales during the notice period

7

pertain to sales made after completion of housing project, there cannot be any tax liability on such sales under VAT, as there is no element of works contract in such a sale. The sale is purely of immovable property. No agreement of constructions has been executed for such sales

The contention of the dealer above is not tenable as said in the pre paras that the they have not produced original Agreement of sale for verification and the completion certificates submitted by the dealer is not valid since the certificates were not issued by the sanctioning authority.

In view of the above the assessment for the period January 2014 to June 2017 is hereby completed on the following under declared tax.

1. Tax on turnover variation with P&L account : Rs. 827173-00

Tax on differential turnover arrived w.r.t Agreement of sale turnover Rs.590846-00 Total : Rs. 14,18,019-00

The dealer has to pay the demand of Rs. 14,18,019/- within (10) days from receipt of this order. Failure to make payment will lead to recovery proceedings under T VAT Act, 2005.

From the forgoing it is indicated that the dealer has committed an offence under the provisions of T VAT Act, 2005 for which penalty proceedings will be issued separately.

The dealer can file an appeal before Appellate Deputy Commissioner (CT), Panjagutta Division within (30) days of receipt of this order.

State Tax Officer -1 (I/c), = 1-1-1-1

M.G. Road - S.D. Road Circle,

M.G. Road-S.D. Road Cites, Hyderabad

Date: 08-11-2019

Modi & Modi Constructions

To, The State Tax Officer -1 (1/c), M.G. Road - S.D. Road Circle, Hyderabad.

Subject: Written objections to your notice for assessment of VAT.

Reference 1. Your notice dated 03-10-2019 bearing no. TIN No. 36894097186/VAT/Audit, issued to M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions

- 2. Our application for extension of time to provide details dated 09-10-2019.
- 3. Our application for extension of time to provide details dated 24-10-2019.
- 4. Written objections with supporting decuments submitted to your office on
- 5. Your revised show cause notice no. TIN No. 36894097186/VAT/ Audit dated 02-11-2019 received by us on 06-11-2019.

Sir/Madam.

We have requested for time to file written objections and to provide supporting documents as per reference 2 & 3 above. Accordingly we have filed a detailed written objection on 04-11-2019 (reference 4 above). A copy of the same is attached herein.

Please note that the period Jan 2014 to June 2017 for which notice was issued is after completion of the only housing project taken up by the firm. The housing project was completed in phases from 2010 to 2013.

Since most of the sales during the notice period pertain to sales made after completion of housing project, there cannot be any tax liability or such sales under VAT, as there is no element of works contract in such a sale.

In either case VAT under composition scheme at the rate of 1% or 1.25% has been paid for all villus/townhouses for sales made prior to 30-06-2017

In light of the above we request you to drop the demand for payment of shortfall in VAT. We are willing to provide any further documents that you may require. Please give us an opportunity for a personal hearing.

Thank You.

Soham Modi.

shortfall in VAT. We require. Please give us an em arrow require. Please give us an proton opportunity opportunity

Page 1 of 1

Date: 04-11-2019

Modi & Modi Constructions

To, The State Tax Officer -1 (1/c), M.G. Road – S.D. Road Circle, Hyderabad.

Sir/Madam,

Subject: TVAT Act, 2005-M/s Modi & Modi Constructions- Show Cause Notice issued for the period from January, 2014 to June, 2017-Objections called for-Written objections filed-Reg.

Reference: Your notice dated 03-10-2019 bearing no. TIN No. 36894097186/VAT/Audit.

We submit that we are in receipt of the notice for assessment of VAT in Form VAT 305A dated 03-10-2019 proposing to demand a tax of Rs. 8,37,552 for the period from January, 2014 to June, 2017. We request you to kindly consider our objections on the following grounds:

1. M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions has developed only one housing project on land admeasuring Ac. 6-28 Gts., forming a part of Sy. Nos. 128,129,133 and 136, Ramplaly Village, Keesara Mandal, R.R, District. The building permit for construction of villas/townhouses in the project known as Nilgiri Homes was obtained in 2007 from HMDA. The project consisted of 95 villas/townhouses.

2. The construction of the housing project was fully completed in phases from 2010 to 2013. Chartered Engineer certificate was obtained at the time of completion of each villa/townhouse. A summary of date of completion as per chartered engineer certificate is

attached herein. 10 sample certificates are enclosed herein.

3. At the time of obtaining building permit HMDA had mortgaged 5 plots /villas /townhouses to ensure compliance of the development of the housing project. Application for release of mortgage was made to HMDA on 05-11-2014 (copy enclosed). After considerable delay, due to the shifting of HMDA office, the mortgage was released by HMDA by way of registered deed bearing document no. 5972/15 dated 30-09-15 registered at SRO Keesara (copy enclosed).

4. VAΓ was paid under composition scheme (@ 1% or 1.25% on the value of sale deed + agr. of construction, if any) for the 94 of the 95 villas /townhouses irrespective of whether the sale was made before or after completion. Villa no. 13 was sold after July, 2017 and

therefore no VAT has been paid on the said sale (sale deed copy enclosed).

5. We submit that to avoid unnecessary and protracted litigation VAT has been paid for all the villas/townhouses (except no. 13). The details of payment of VAT for 94 villas are attached herein.

- 6. In some cases sale deed has been executed for the entire sale consideration and in some cases the sale consideration has been divided into sale deed for semi-finished construction and agreement of construction. In either case the sale has been covered by a mother agreement for the entire consideration i.e., the agreement of sale. VAT has been paid on the entire consideration under composition scheme at the applicable rate of 1% or 1.25%.
- 7. 5 Sample copies of agreement of sale + sale deed + agreement of construction for the notice period are enclosed herein.

Modi & Modi Constructions

- 8. 5 Sample copies of agreement of sale + sale deed wherein no agreement of construction has been executed for the notice period are enclosed herein.
- 9. The turnover declared in the books of accounts / IT returns does not match with turnover declared in VAT returns. The method adopted for IT returns is as per rules under the IT Act, wherein profit was estimated for each financial year during the course of the project and turnover was based on installments due during the year. In most cases sale deed was executed after receipt of most installments, that too in different financial years. VAT returns were filed based on VAT paid from time to time.
- 10. The details of receipts during the notice period, villa wise, are attached herein. The total receipts towards sale consideration for the period was Rs. 9,58,97,605/- and towards other non-taxable receipts was Rs. 1,14,38,146/-. Such non-taxable receipts were towards registration charges, electricity bills, corpus fund and in some cases VAT and service tax. These amounts collected were remitted to the appropriate authority, electricity board, owners association, etc.
- 11. The method adopted by you for computing shortfall in payment is not correct. During the year 2016-17 we have paid VAT @1.25% on a turnover of Rs. 3,80,67,000 which works out to Rs. 4,75,838. The details of month wise payment of VAT during the year 2016-17 is enclosed herewith. In view of payment of total tax due of Rs. 4,75,838 as per returns the proposed short payment of Rs. 3,33,024 may please be dropped.
- 12. The method of adopting turnover from VAT returns and P&L account is not correct. The 5% sales during the years 2014-15 to June, 2017 have been correctly adopted in both tables of the notice. We have also paid VAT as per turnovers in books and reported in the VAT returns. The difference in the turnover of Rs. 1,00,90,560 is due to the different methods adopted for calculating turnover for the purposes of VAT and for the purposes of IT. Thus this difference in turnover of Rs. 1,00,90,560 as worked by you does not form turnover and the proposed levy of tax of Rs. 5,04,528 may please be dropped.
- 13. In some cases, customers have requested for considerable alterations in the villas/townhouses, after completion of the housing project. Only in such select cases the sale consideration was split into sale deed for semi finished construction + agreement of construction.
- 14. Since most of the sales during the notice period pertain to sales made after completion of housing project, there cannot be any tax liability on such sales under VAT, as there is no element of works contract in such a sale. The sale is purely of immovable property. No agreement of construction has been executed for such sales.

In light of the above we request you to drop the demand for payment of shortfall in VAT. We are willing to provide any further documents that you may require. Please give us an opportunity for a personal hearing.

Thank You.

Yours sincerely,

Soham Modi.

Encl: As above.

Page 2 of 2





GOVERNMENT OF TELANGANA COMMERCIALTAXES DEPARTMENT

REVISED SHOW CASUE NOTICE FOR ASSESSMENT OF VALUE ADDED TAX See Rule 25 (5)

TIN No: 36894097186/\'AT/Audit

Dated 02-11-2019

Sub: T VAT Act '05 - M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road - Secunderabad - Audit conducted for the period January 2014 to June 2017 - Certain variations noticed - Show Cause Notice issued - Dealer has failed to file certain documentary evidence - Revised show cause notice issued - Regarding.

Ref : 1. Notification for Scrutiny of Accounts of VAT in Form VAT 304, dated 14-12-2018

- Authorization fcr assessment issued in Admn 1C, dated 03-10-2019 by Deputy Commissioner (CT), Hyderabad.
- 3. Show cause notice issued in Form VAT 305A, dated 03-10-2019 by the undersigned
- 4. Letter filed by the dealer dated 09-10-2019.
- 5. Personal hearing opportunity provided on dt. 21-10-2019.

-- 000 --

M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road, Secunderabad are the registered dealer on the rolls of CTO M.G.Road-S.D.Road Circle with TIN No 36894097186 and are engaged in the business of Construction of Independent Houses/ Row Houses in the name and style of Nilgiri Homes at Rampally village, Keesara Mandal, Ranga Reddy District. They have opted for composition scheme under section 4(7)(d) of T VAT Act by filing Form VAT 250, dated 20-03-2013 and paying taxes at the rate of 5% on 25% of the total consideration received.

On authorization of Deputy Commissioner (CT) Begumpet Division, the assessee was served Form-VAT-304 to produce the books of accounts. Accordingly they have filed their books of accounts and connected records for the period January 2014 to June 2017 for audit verification as under.

- 1) Copy of Form VAT 250
- Sales Statement
- 3) Sample Sale ceed copies
- 4) P&L Accounts

On verification of books of account submitted by the dealer with reference to the monthly VAT-200 Returns filed during the period frcm January 2014 to June 2017 the following turnovers are arrived which have been assessed as per the authorization issued in Admn 1C dated 03-10-2019 in the reference 2nd cited.

Turnovers as per VAT 200 returns.

8.	Balance	0		0	333024	
7.	VAT Paid	0			333024	
6.	VAT Due	0			142814	
5.	Output tax	0			475838	143438
4.	Total Sales				475838	143438
3	Tax @ 5%	0		+	38067000	11475000
2.	5% Sales	0	192029		475838	143438
1.	Exempt Sales	0	3840588		9516750	2868750
	Sales Account:		15121763	14340000	28550250	8606250
1.	Exempted Purchases	0	0	0		
	Purchase Accoun			T		
S. No	Description	2013-14 (01/2014 to 03/2014	2014-2015	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18 (up to June 2017)

Short payment of Rs. 333024/- is noticed.

Turnover as per P&L Accounts (SALE OF FLATS)

SI.No.	Period	Constructi on account receipts as per P&L	turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per P&L	Turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per VAT returns	Differential turnover arrived	Tax @ 5%
1	2013-14 (01/2014-	0	0	0	0	0
	03/2014)	26007241	6501810	3840588	2661222	133061
;	2014-15	36823350	9205838	6620250	2585588	129279
1.	2015-16	49492000	12373000	9516750	2856250	142813
3.	2016-17 2014-18 (Apr'17 to	19425000		2868750	1987500	99375
Total	Jun'18) differential	131747591	32936898	22846338	10090560	504528

During the course of audit, the correctness and completeness of the returns filed along with payments paid by the dealer is verified with reference to the turnovers recorded in the books of account maintained by the dealer.

On verification of sample records produced, such as agreement of Sales, Sale deed and Construction agreement it is noticed that they followed a modus operandi that they first entering into agreement of sale with customers for construction and selling of flats. After entering the agreement of sale, they have executed the sale deed of semi finished flat in favour of customer for certain amount and for completion of remaining works they have entered agreement for construction and received remaining amount as per the initial or mother agreement. They have paid tax @ 5% on the 25% of total consideration received under Section 4(7)(d) of

In the light of the judgment in the case of M/s Omega Shelters Limited, Secunderabad in WP No 11528 dt 24-04-2015 rendered by Hon'ble High Court of AP, the method of tax payment under section 4(7)(d) of the Act is agreed for the post construction after executing sale deed also. The gist of the judgment is as under :

"If dealers engaged in the construction and sale of residential apartments, houses, buildings or commercial complexes exercise the option, and comply with the conditions stipulated in Section 4(7)(d) and Rule 17(4), they cannot be denied the benefit of composition there under for the construction made by them for the very same person, after execution of a registered deed for the sale of a semi finished structure. Denial of the benefits of the composition scheme under Section 4(7)(d) to such dealers, for the post-sale construction made in terms of the initial agreement is illegal and is contrary to the provisions of the Vat Act and the rules made there under.

However the dealer is requested to produce all Original agreements of sale, Original Sale deeds and Original construction agreements for further verification which were produced on sample basis at the time of audit.

In view of the above it is proposed to assess on the following under declared tax for the period January 2014 to June 2017 as under :

Short payment of Tax of

: Rs. 333024-00

2. Tax on under declared Turnover : Rs. 504528-00

Total

: Rs. 837552-00

Accordingly a show cause notice in form VAT 305A, dated 03-10-2019 was issued to the dealers calling their written objections if any against the proposed tax and requested to produce documentary evidence such as all Original agreements of sale. Original Sale deeds and Original construction agreements with respect to Nilgiri Homes (independent Houses) at Rampally Village, Keesara Mandal, Ranga Reddy District. Meanwhile as per the request of the dealer (10) days extension of time i.e. up to 21-10-2019 was also gran ed to the assessee and also provided a personal nearing opportunity on 2⁻-10-2019, 11-00 A.M. But, so far, the assessee neither submitted any documentary evidence as requested in the show cause notice nor attended for personal hearing opportunity. Hence, in the said circumstances, the undersigned has left with no other option except estimate the difference sale deed

turnover with reference to Agreement of sale turnover on best of judgment basis which is done as under.

	Total	157559131	204826870	41201133	300010
3	(April'17 to June'17)		00.4000070	47267739	590846
	2017-18	19425000	25252500	5827500	72045
2	2016-17	49492000	64339600	5827500	72843
1	2015-16	36823350		14847600	185595
2	2014-15	26007241	47870355	11047005	138088
	03/2014	77077044	33809413	7802172	97527
1	01/2014 to	25811540	33555002	7743462	96793
			value on Sale deed value)		turnover
SI.No.	Period	Sale deed value	Estimated Agreement of sale value (Adding 30%	Difference turnover arrived	Proposed to tax @ 5% on 25% difference

Further, while issuing show cause notice a turnover of Rs. 2,58.11,540/- is not proposed by oversight which is now being proposed as under.

Turnover as per P&L Accounts (SALE OF FLATS)

SI.No.	Period	Constructi on account receipts as per P&L	turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per P&L	Turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per VATreturns	Differential turnover arrived	Tax @ 5%
1	2013-14 (01/2014-	25811540		0	6452885	322645
Total	03/2014) differential	25811540	6452885	0	6452885	322645

Total under declared tax proposed in the revised show cause notice.

1. Short payment of Tax

: Rs. 333C24-00

2. Tax on under declared turnover : Rs. 827173-00 (Rs.504528+Rs.322645) 3. Tax on differential turnover arrived w.r.t Agreement of sale turnover: Rs.590846-00 : Rs. 17,51,043-00

The dealer is requested to file the written objections if any against the proposed turnovers within (7) days of receipt of this notice, failure which the orders will be passed by confirming this show cause notice.

..... State Tax Officer -1 (I/c) M G.Road - S.D.Road CircleTo,

M/s Modi and Modi Constructions, 5-4-187/344, 2nd Floor, Soham Mansion, M.G. Road, Secunderabad.



FORM VAT 305A

GOVERNMENT OF TELANGANA COMMERCIALTAXES DEPARTMENT

NOTICE FOR ASSESSMENT OF VALUE ADDED TAX See Rule 25 (5)

TIN No: 36894097186/VAT/Audit

Dated 03-10-2019

Sub: T VAT Act '05 - M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road - Secunderabad - Audit conducted for the period January 2014 to June 2017 - Certain variations noticed - Show Cause Notice issued - Regarding.

Ref : 1. Notification for Scrutiny of Accounts of VAT in Form VAT 304, dated 14-12-2018

2. Authorization for assessment issued in Admn 1C, dated 03-10-2019 by Deputy Commissioner (CT), Hyderabad.

-- 000 --

M/s Modi & Modi Constructions, M.G.Road, Secunderabad are the registered dealer on the rolls of CTO M.G Road-S.D.Road Circle with TIN No 36894097186 and are engaged in the business of Construction of Independent Houses/ Row Houses in the name and style of Nilgiri Homes at Rampally village, Keesara Mandal, Ranga Reddy District They have opted for composition scheme under section 4(7)(d) of T VAT Act by filing Form VAT 250, dated 20-03-2013 and paying taxes at the rate of 5% on 25% of the total consideration received.

On authorization of Deputy Commissioner (CT) Begumpet Division, the assessee was served Form-VAT-304 to produce the books of accounts. Accordingly they have filed their books of accounts and connected records for the period January 2014 to June 2017 for audit verification as under

- 1) Copy of Form VAT 250
- 2) Sales Statement
- 3) Sample Sale deed copies
- 4) P&L Accourts.

On verification of books of account submitted by the dealer with reference to the monthly VAT-200 Returns filed during the period from January 2014 to June 2017 the following turnovers are arrived which have been assessed as per the authorization issued in Admn 10 dated 03-10-2019 in the reference 2nd cited.

Turnovers as per VAT 200 returns.

S. No	Description	2013-14 (01/2014 03/2014	to	2014-2015	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18 (up to June 2017)
	Purchase Account	:					
1.	Exempted Purchases		0	0	0	0	0
	Sales Account:						L
1.	Exempt Sales		0	15121763	14340000	28550250	8606250
2.	5% Sales		0	3840588	3620250		
3.	Tax @ 5%	T	0	192029	331013	9516750	2868750
4.	Total Sales		0	18962351	20960250	475838	143438
5.	Output tax		0	192029		38067000	11475000
6.	VAT Due		0		331013	475838	143438
7.	VAT Paid			192029	331013	475838	143438
8.	Balance		0	192029	331013	142814	143438
0.	Dalatice		0	0	0	333024	0

Short payment of Rs. 333024/- is noticed.

Turnover as per P&L Accounts (SALE OF FLATS)

SI.No.	Period	Constructi on account receipts as per P&L	turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per P&L	Turnover liable to tax @ 5% as per VAT returns	Differential turnover arr ved	Tax @ 5%
1	2013-14 (01/2014- 03/2014)	0	0	0	0	0
1. 2. 3.	2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2014-18 (Apr'17 to Jun'18)	26007241 36823350 49492000 19425000	6501810 9205838 12373000 4856250	3340588 6620250 9516750 2368750	2661222 2585588 2856250 1987500	133061 129279 142813 99375
Total tax	differential	131747591	32936898	22346338	10090560	504528

During the course of audit, the correctness and completeness of the returns filed along with payments paid by the dealer is verified with reference to the turnovers recorded in the books of account maintained by the dealer.

On verification of sample records produced such as agreement of Sales. Sale deed and Construction agreement it is noticed that they followed a modus operandi that they first entering into agreement of sale with customers for construction and selling of flats. After entering the agreement of sale, they have executed the sale deed of semi finished flat in favour of customer for certain amount

and for completion of remaining works they have entered agreement for construction and received remaining amount as per the initial or mother agreement. They have pad tax @ 5% on the 25% of total consideration received under Section 4(7)(d) of VAT Act.

In the light of the judgment in the case of M/s Omega Shelters Limited, Secunderabad in WP No 11528 dt 24-04-2015 rendered by Hon'ble High Court of AP. the method of tax payment under section 4(7)(d) of the Act is agreed for the post construction after executing sale deed also. The gist of the judgment is as under:

"If dealers engaged in the construction and sale of residential apartments, houses, buildings or commercial complexes exercise the option, and comply with the conditions stipulated in Section 4(7)(d) and Rule 17(4), they cannot be denied the beneft of composition there under for the construction made by them for the very same person, after execution of a registered deed for the sale of a semi finished structure. Denial of the benefits of the composition scheme under Section 4(7)(d) to such dealers, for the post-sale construction made in terms of the initial agreement is illegal and is contrary to the provisions of the Vat Act and the rules made there under.

However the dea er is requested to produce all Original agreements of sale, Original Sale deeds and Original construction agreements for further verification which were produced on sample basis at the time of audit.

In view of the above it is proposed to assess on the following under declared tax for the period April 2015 to June 2017 as under:

Short payment of Tax of

: Rs. 333024-00

2. Tax on under declared Turnover: Rs. 504528-00

Total

: Rs. 837552-00

The dealer is recuested to file written objections if any against the proposed turnovers within (7) days of receipt of this notice failing which this notice will be confirmed without any further intimation in this matter.

Tc

M/s Modi and Modi Constructions, 5-4-187/344, 2nd Floor, Soham Mansion, M.G. Road, Secunderabad.

(M == 1 State Tax Officer -1 (I/c) 3 /2/29
M.G.Road - S.D.Road Gircle

M.G.P.oad-S.O. and Olicals

Hydera aad

5-4-187/3&4, II floor, MG Road, Secunderabad – 500 003. Phone: +91-40-66335551

Date: 29-10-2019

To, The State Tax Officer -1 (l/c), M.G. Road – S.D. Road Circle, Hyderabad.

Subject: Written objections to your notice for assessment of VAT.

Reference: Your notice dated 03-10-2019 bearing no. TIN No. 36894097186/VAT/Audit, issued to M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions.

Sir/Madam,

In reply to your above referred notice please note the following:

- M/s. Modi & Modi Constructions has developed only one housing project on land admeasuring Ac. 6-28 Gts., forming a part of Sy. Nos. 128,129,133 and 136, Ramplaly Village, Keesara Mandal, R.R, District. The building permit for construction of flats in the project known as Nilgiri Homes was obtained in 2007 from HMDA. The project consisted of 95 villas/townhouses.
- 2. The construction of the housing project was fully completed in phases from 2010 to 2013. Chartered Engineer certificate was obtained at the time of completion of each villa townhouse. A summary of date of completion as per chartered engineer certificate is attached herein. 10 sample certificates are enclosed herein.
- 3. At the time of obtaining building permit HMDA had mortgaged 5 plots /villas /townhouses to ensure complaisance of the development of the housing project. Application for release of mortgage was made to HMDA on 05-11-2014 (copy enclosed). After considerable delay, due to the shifting of HMDA office, the mortgage was released by HMDA by way of registered deed bearing document no. 5972/15 dated 30-09-15 registered at SRO Keesara (copy enclosed).
- 4. VAT was paid under composition scheme (@ 1% or 1.25% on the value of sale deed + agr. of construction, if any) for the 94 of the 95 villas /townhouses irrespective of whether the sale was made before or after completion. Villa no. 13 was sold after July, 2017 and therefore no VAT has been paid on the said sale (sale deed copy enclosed)..
- 5. Please note that to avoid unnecessary and protracted litigation VAT has been paid for all the villas/townhouses (except no 13). The details of payment of VAT for 94 villas is attached herein.
- 6. In some cases sale deed has been executed for the entire sale consideration and in some cases the sale consideration has been divided into sale deed for semi-finished construction and agreement of construction. In either case the sale has been covered by a mother agreement for the entire consideration i.e., the agreement of sale. VAT has been paid on the entire consideration under composition scheme at the applicable rate of 1% or 1.25%.
- 7. 5 Sample copies of agreement of sale + sale deed + agreement of construction for the notice period are enclosed herein.
- 8. 5 Sample copies of agreement of sale + sale deed wherein no agreement of construction has been executed for the notice period are enclosed herein.



Modi & Modi Constructions

9. The turnover declared in the books of accounts / IT returns does not match with turnover declared in VAT returns. The method adopted for IT returns is as per rules under the IT Act, wherein profit was estimated for each financial year during the course of the project and turnover was based on installments due during the year. In most cases sale deed was executed after receipt of most installments, that too in different financial years. VAT returns were filed based on VAT paid from time to time.

10. The details of receipts during the notice period, villa wise, is attached herein. The total receipts towards sale consideration for the period was Rs. 9,58,97,605/- and towards other non-taxable receipts was Rs. 1,14,38,146/-. Such non-taxable receipts were towards registration charges, electricity bills, corpus fund and in some cases VAT and service tax. These amounts collected were remitted to the appropriate authority, electricity board, owners association, etc.

11. The method adopted by you for computing shortfall in payment is erroneous. The method of adopting turnover from VAT returns and P&L account is not correct.

12. In some cases, customers have requested for considerable alterations in the villas townhouses, after completion of the housing project. Only in such select cases the sale consideration was split into sale deed for semi finished construction + agreement of construction.

13. Since most of the sales during the notice period pertain to sales made after completion of housing project, there cannot be any tax liability on such sales under VAT, as there is no element of works contract in such a sale. The sale is purely of immovable property. No agreement of construction has been executed for such sales.

In light of the above we request you to drop the demand for payment of shortfall in VAT. We are willing to provide any further documents that you may require. Please give us an opportunity for a personal hearing.

Thank You.

Yours sincerely,

Soham Modi.

APPROVED BY

2 9 OCT 2019

SOHAM MODI

MANAGING DIRECTOR